

Tackling energy poverty through emotional bonds: ASSIST project experience in Barcelona

ENGAGER training school, 6° June 2019

www.ecoserveis.net

INTRODUCTION: WHO WE ARE

Ecoserveis is:

- A Spanish non-profit organisation.
- A strategic and innovation consultant specialised in energy.
- Promoter of **sustainable energy**.

Our courses of action





Ecoserveis

INTRODUCTION: WHAT WE DO

Our services



Research and innovation

Specialised publications Viability and performance studies Experimental projects



Technical and social consulting

Reports, analysis and energy diagnosis

Strategic plans and funding models for companies, social organisations and public administration



Specialized training

Seminars and courses for professionals Master and postgraduate tutoring



Dissemination

Workshops and conferences for citizens, companies and public administration

Communication campaigns

Educational resources

Awareness-raisign events



Community enhancement

Promotion of collaborative work and networks of volunteers Community support initiatives



Energy guidance

Contractual assistance

Installation of low cost material to improve energy efficience and comfort

Service-learning

More tan 12 years mobilising quantitative /qualitative data on energy poverty

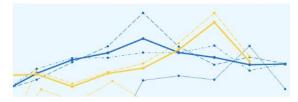


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Macro indicators vs reality

PRIMARY INDICATORS

EPOV provides four different primary indicators for energy poverty, of which two are based on self-reported experiences of limited access to energy services (based on EU-SILC data) and the other two are calculated using household income and/or energy expenditure data (based on HBS data).



Arrears on utility bills

Low absolute energy expenditure (M/2)

Share of (sub-) population having arrears on utility bills.

Share of households whose absolute energy expenditure is below half the national median.

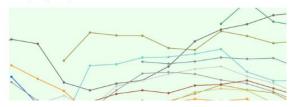
High share of energy expenditure in Inability to keep home adequately income (2M) warm

The 2M indicator presents the proportion of households whose share of energy expenditure in home adequately warm, based on question "Can income is more than twice the national median share

Share of (sub-) population not able to keep their your household afford to keep its home adequately warm?"

SECONDARY INDICATORS

EPOV gathers data on a number of secondary indicators that are relevant in the context of energy poverty, but not directly indicators of energy poverty itself. Indicators include e.g. energy prices and housing-related data. Their development can be compared to the development of primary indicators in the graph tool when selecting a single country.



Fuel oil prices

Biomass prices

Average household prices per kWh generated from fuel oil

Average household prices per kWh generated from biomass

- Health Status ٠
- Old appliances ٠
- Butane switching ٠
- Subjective confort temperature .
- Energy habits •
- Receiving public subsidies •
- Personal situation (p.e divorce expenses) •
- Minor children .
- Humidity rates-confort •
- Water supply •
- Energy supply disconnection
- **Occupations**



Evaluate the impact of a support given by people with emotional bonds with the person/family in a situation of vulnerability







ASSIST PROJECT: H2020 funded

Home care profesional service in Barcelona

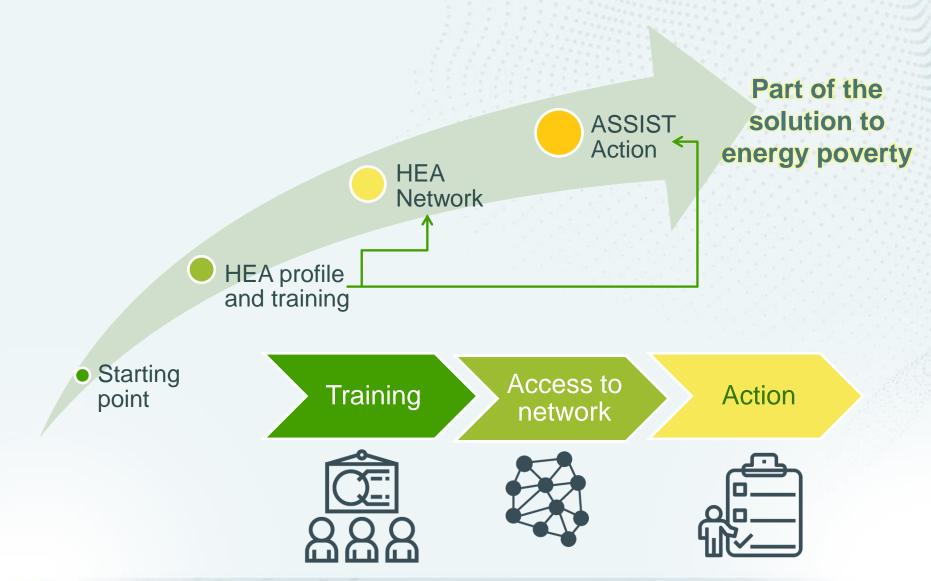
- Public service
- Runned by 3 companies







http://assist2gether.eu





HEA activities: informs/supports/assist (actions)

 Inform. Provides integrated information on how to tackle energy poverty (1 to n)

Support. Provides in a customised manner information on how to tackle energy poverty (1 to 1)

 <u>ASSIST.</u> Assists in a customised and concrete manner through specific actions to tackle energy poverty (1 to 1)

Vulnerable consumers



Operator

HEA

ASSIST

HEA training

Data collection: duality energy savings vs value non-energy benefits

Indicator	Method
Energy savings	Exante-expost questionaire: meter reading+ energy bills using degreedays to harmonize
Confort level	Exante-expost questionaire. Qualitative. Perception
Money savings	Exante-expost questionaire: energy bills using real energy prices
Empowerment factor	Exante-expost questionaire. Qualitative. Perception



First results

• First sample of 30 households

80% households ____32% energy savings 20% households____ 19% increase energy consumption

60% reports more confort! 57% reports more empowerment!



Conclusions on data management and evaluation of the impact

- Importance of emphasizing the value on non-energy benefits also.
- Deviation macro indicators vs reality in the households
- Subjectiveness of confort levels
- Effect of «trust» on tackling energy poverty (emotional bond multiplier agentaffected person)



Moltes gràcies!

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